The right eco-design in view of recycling, allowing identification of all components of the textile.

An efficient waste collection and handling system, with transparency and traceability. The waste status is to be clarified and usable secondary raw materials must remain in Europe.

Technology for separating and recycling fibres. Ecological and economic aspects of recycling need to be considered when deciding about the best end-of-waste option.

A shared responsibility for all stakeholders, globally. Supporting measures from regulating authorities are important. EPR schemes should be encouraged.

To address imported textiles: who owns the end-of-life material and who processes it as a secondary material.

To consider the benefits of biodegradable MMFs in the biological cycle of circular economy.

A smooth interface with REACH. Historic waste has to be tackled.

Standardization and harmonization, as an indispensable pre-condition of circular economy.

Mutual collaboration, encouragement and support of all stakeholders.

Public and private funding for R&D on all items leading to circular economy.